

Exercise 1.

Choose the best option: *have to, must, should, don't have to, mustn't or shouldn't*.

1. You _____ show your passport at the airport. It's a rule.
A) should
B) have to
C) shouldn't
2. You have a headache. You _____ drink plenty of water and get some rest.
A) should
B) mustn't
C) don't have to
3. This is a hospital. You _____ smoke here.
A) don't have to
B) shouldn't
C) mustn't
4. You _____ wear a uniform at my school. It's compulsory.
A) have to
B) shouldn't
C) don't have to
5. You're on holiday! You _____ get up early tomorrow.
A) mustn't
B) don't have to
C) shouldn't
6. You _____ eat so much fast food. It's not very healthy.
A) must
B) shouldn't
C) don't have to
7. I'm very tired. I _____ go to bed early tonight.
A) must
B) don't have to
C) mustn't
8. You _____ use your phone during the exam. It's not allowed.
A) don't have to
B) should
C) mustn't

Exercise 2.

**Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence.
Use the word in brackets without changing it.**

1. It is necessary to wear a seat belt in a car.
(HAVE)
You _____ a seat belt in a car.
2. It is not necessary to bring your passport.
(HAVE)
You _____ your passport.
3. Smoking is prohibited in this building.
(MUST)
You _____ in this building.
4. It is necessary for Maria to take some medicine.
(SHOULD)
Maria _____ some medicine.
5. I don't think it is good that you eat so much fast food.
(SHOULDN'T)
You _____ so much fast food.
6. It is necessary for students to do their homework.
(HAVE)
Students _____ their homework.
7. It is not necessary for us to buy tickets today.
(HAVE)
We _____ tickets today.
8. It is prohibited to use your phone during the exam.
(MUSTN'T)
You _____ your phone during the exam.

Read the text below and choose the correct answer: A, B or C.

Hong Kong and China: Two Places, Many Connections

Hong Kong is a special city in southern China, close to the city of Shenzhen. Hong Kong became part of China again in 1997, after many years of British rule. Today, it is part of China, but it has some special rules and systems.

Hong Kong and mainland China have many connections. Every day, many people travel between Hong Kong and mainland China for work, study, shopping and tourism. Many companies in Hong Kong also do business with mainland China.

There are strong cultural connections too. People in Hong Kong and mainland China share many traditions, festivals and foods. Chinese New Year, for example, is an important celebration in both places.

However, Hong Kong also has its own local culture. Cantonese is widely spoken in Hong Kong, while Mandarin is the main language in mainland China. English is also commonly used in Hong Kong.

Today, Hong Kong has close connections with mainland China, but it also has its own history, culture and way of life.

1. Where is Hong Kong?

- A) In northern China
- B) In southern China
- C) Outside China

2. When did Hong Kong become part of China again?

- A) 1949
- B) 1989
- C) 1997

3. Why do people travel between Hong Kong and mainland China?

- A) For work, study, shopping and tourism
- B) Only for holidays
- C) Only to visit family

4. Which celebration is important in both Hong Kong and mainland China?

- A) Christmas
- B) Chinese New Year
- C) Halloween

5. Which language is widely spoken in Hong Kong?

- A) Cantonese
- B) Japanese
- C) French

6. What is special about Hong Kong?

- A) It has no Chinese traditions.
- B) It has its own history, culture and way of life.
- C) People there don't speak Chinese.